



生物信息中的生物学

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内容

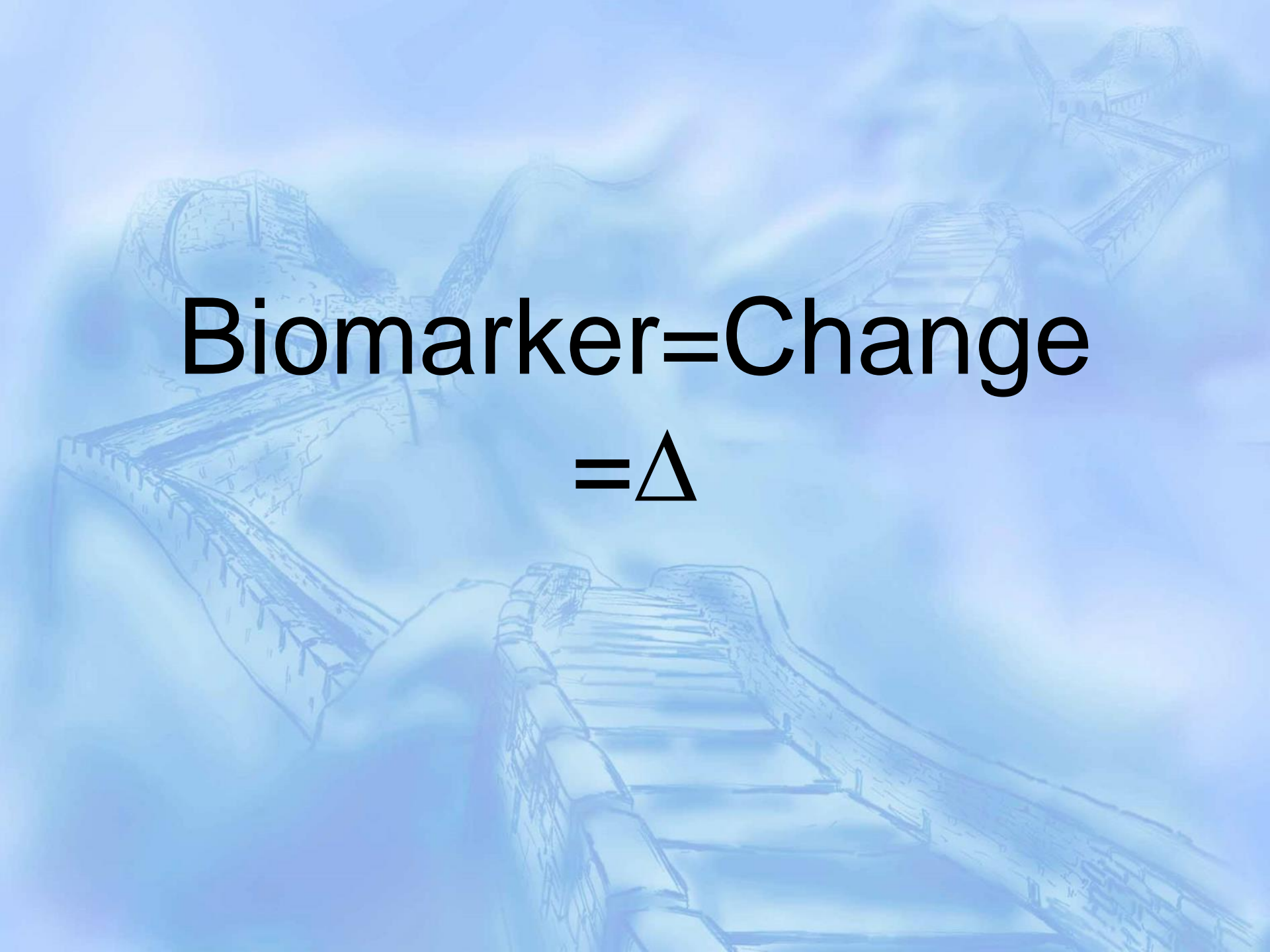
- 生物学中物质和信息的流动
 - 生物标志物
- 生物学中流动信息的使用
 - 经验保留时间
- 生物学中变化信息的利用
 - 蛋白质相互作用4Facts

The background of the slide is a blue-tinted, sketch-like illustration of the Great Wall of China. The wall is depicted as a long, winding structure that follows the contours of a mountainous terrain. It features battlements and watchtowers at various points. The overall style is artistic and somewhat ethereal, with a soft, hazy atmosphere. The text 'What is biomarker?' is centered over the middle of the image.

What is biomarker?

My Definition

- **Biomarker is the measurable **change** associated with a physiological or pathophysiological process.**



Biomarker=Change
= Δ

In Blood

Homeostasis mechanisms

≈ Constant

= minimal changes

= less biomarkers

In Urine

Accumulate all the changes

= $\Delta + \Delta + \Delta + \Delta + \Delta + \dots$

= Lots of biomarkers

Change removal

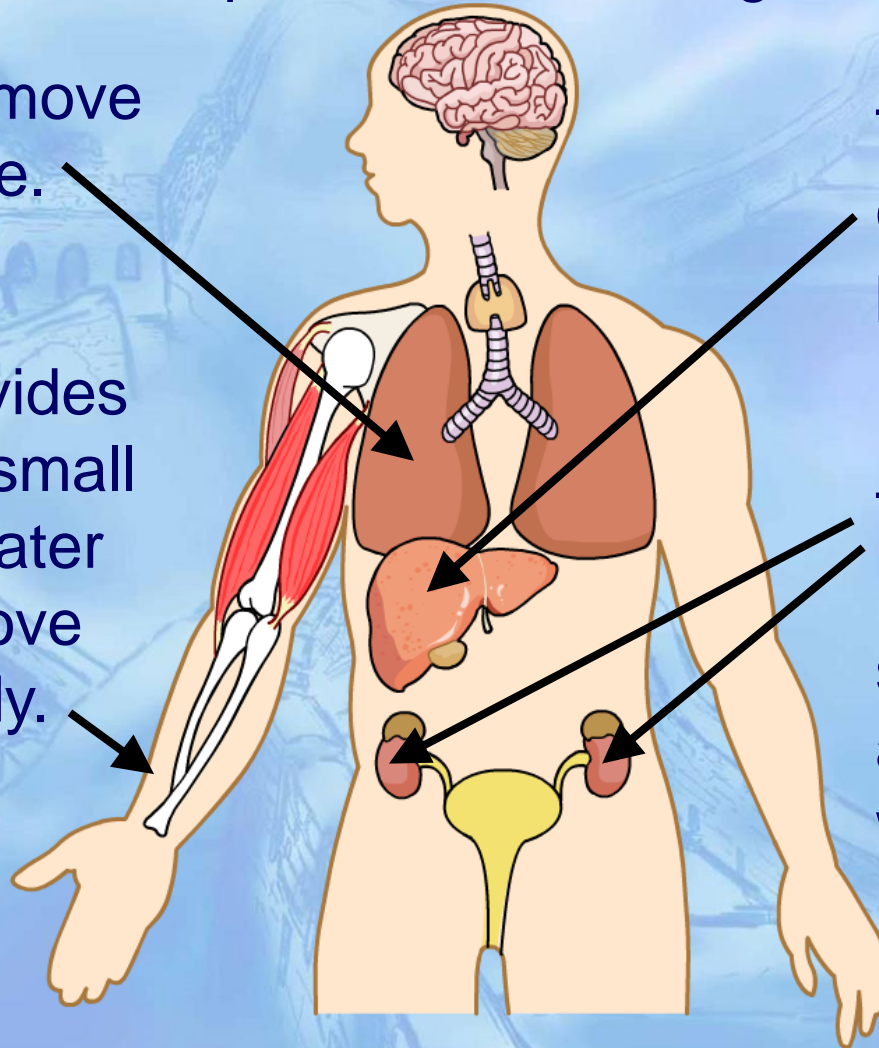
Several organs are important in removing waste from the body.

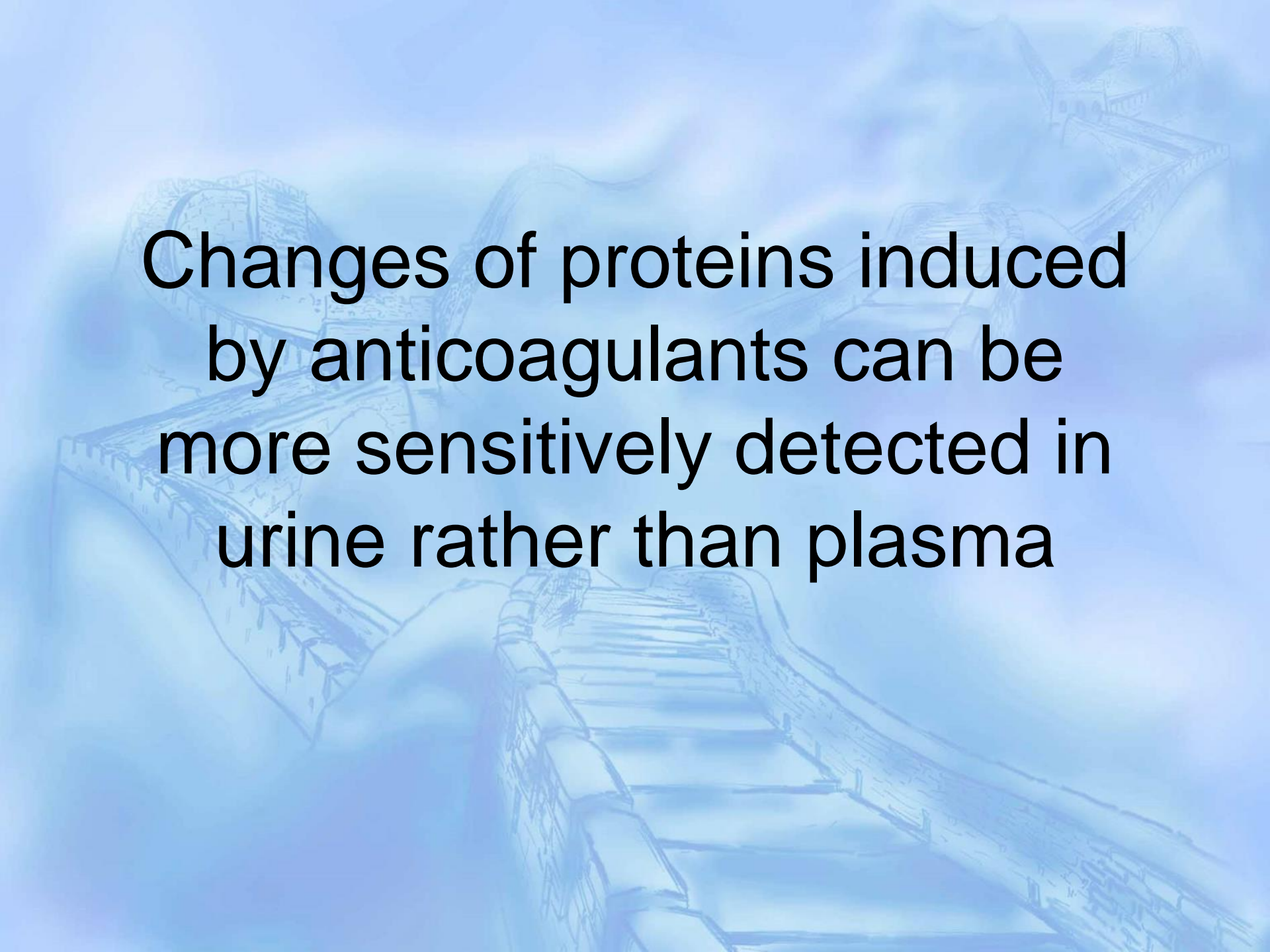
The **lungs** remove carbon dioxide.

The **skin** provides a surface for small amounts of water and salt to move out of the body.

The **liver** converts excess protein into **urea**.

The **kidneys** remove **unwanted** substances such as urea, excess water and salt.

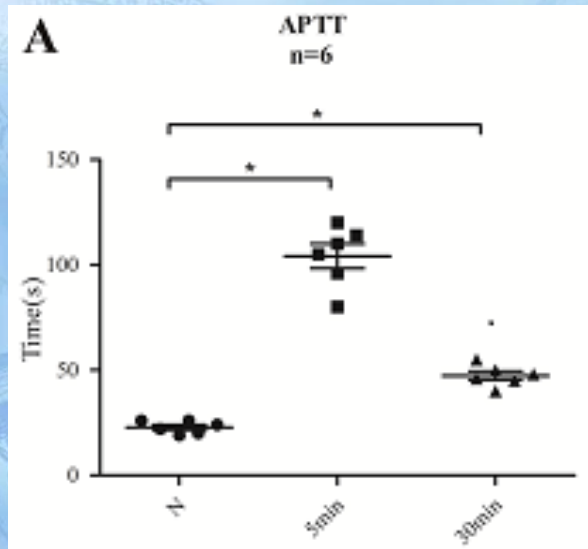




Changes of proteins induced
by anticoagulants can be
more sensitively detected in
urine rather than plasma

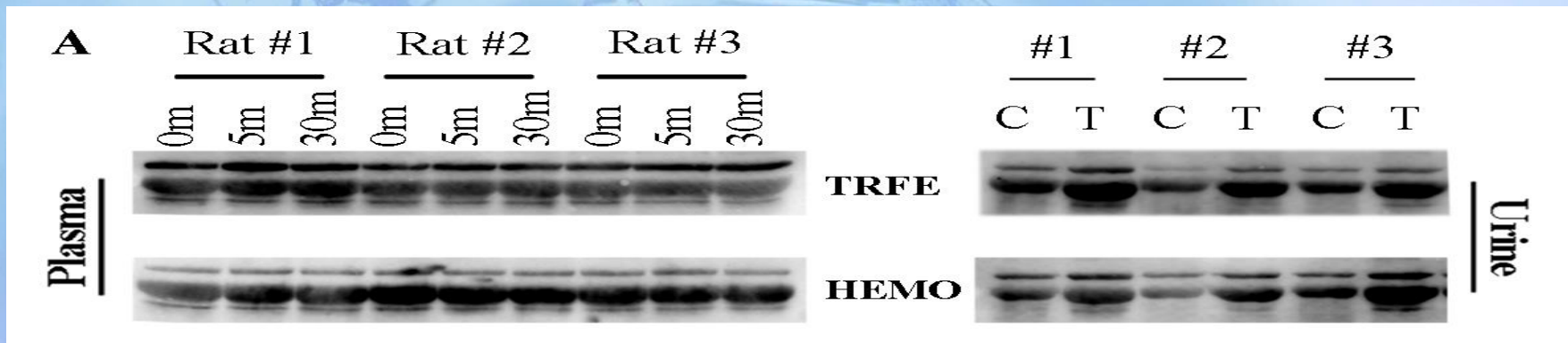
Changes of protein induced by anticoagulants

Changes



Clotting times increased

- Heparin
 - 27 proteins in urine
 - 3 proteins in plasma
- Argatroban
 - 61 proteins in urine
 - 1 proteins in plasma



Validation of changes in protein levels

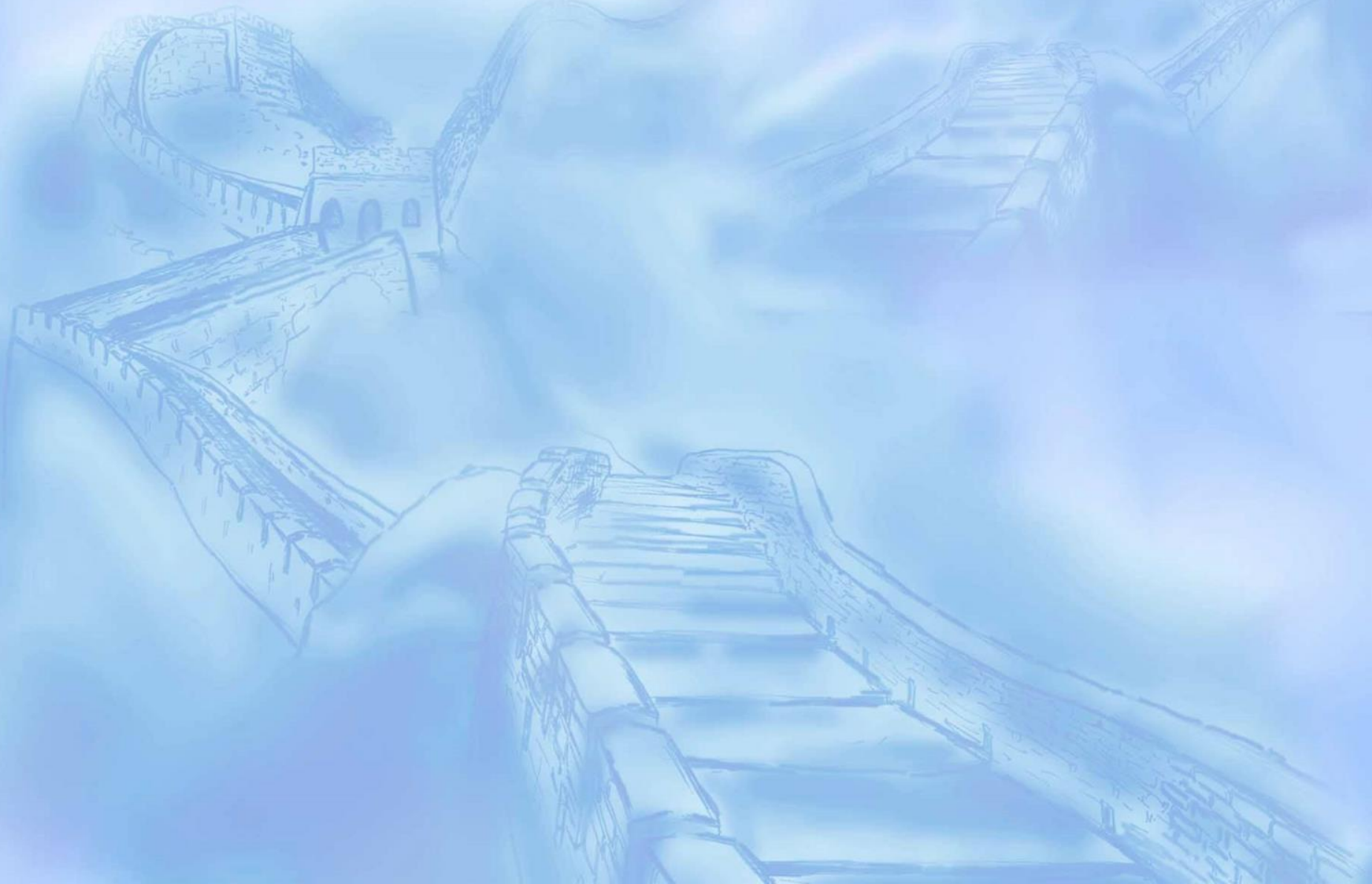
黑箱的方法研究肾脏功能

Plasma → **Kidney** → **Urine**

Glands

→ **Urine**

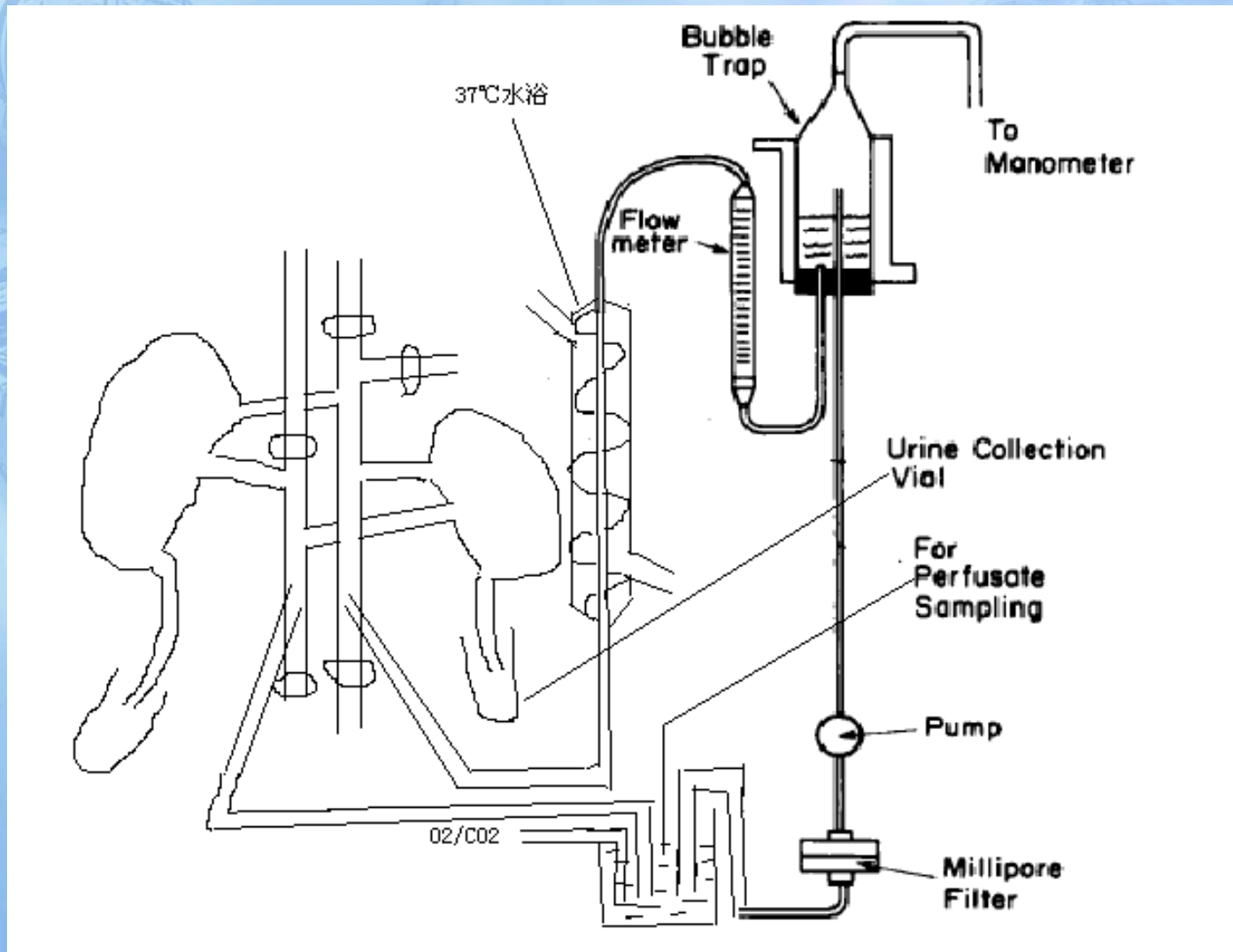
用什么语言来描述？



信息的分离-肾脏灌流

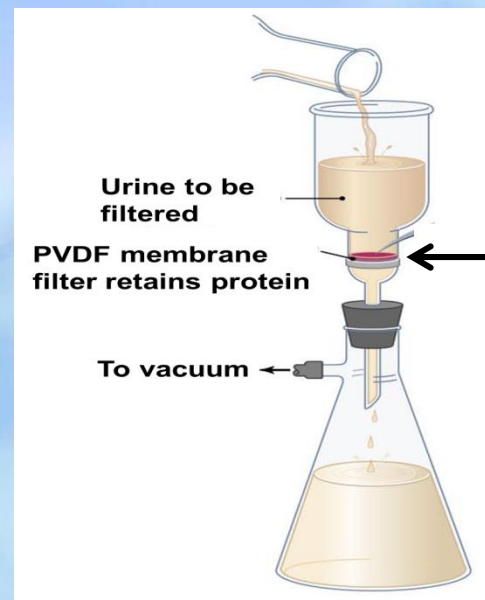


离体大鼠肾脏灌流示意图

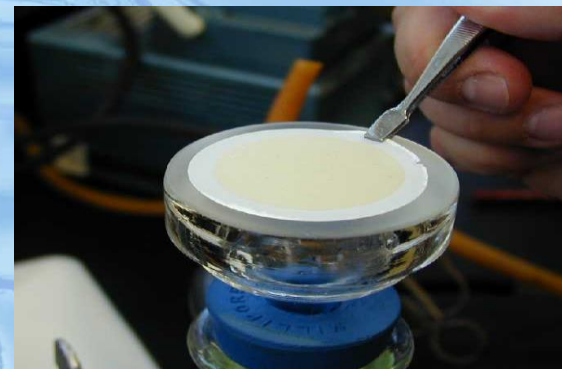


尿蛋白信息的保存





Urimem

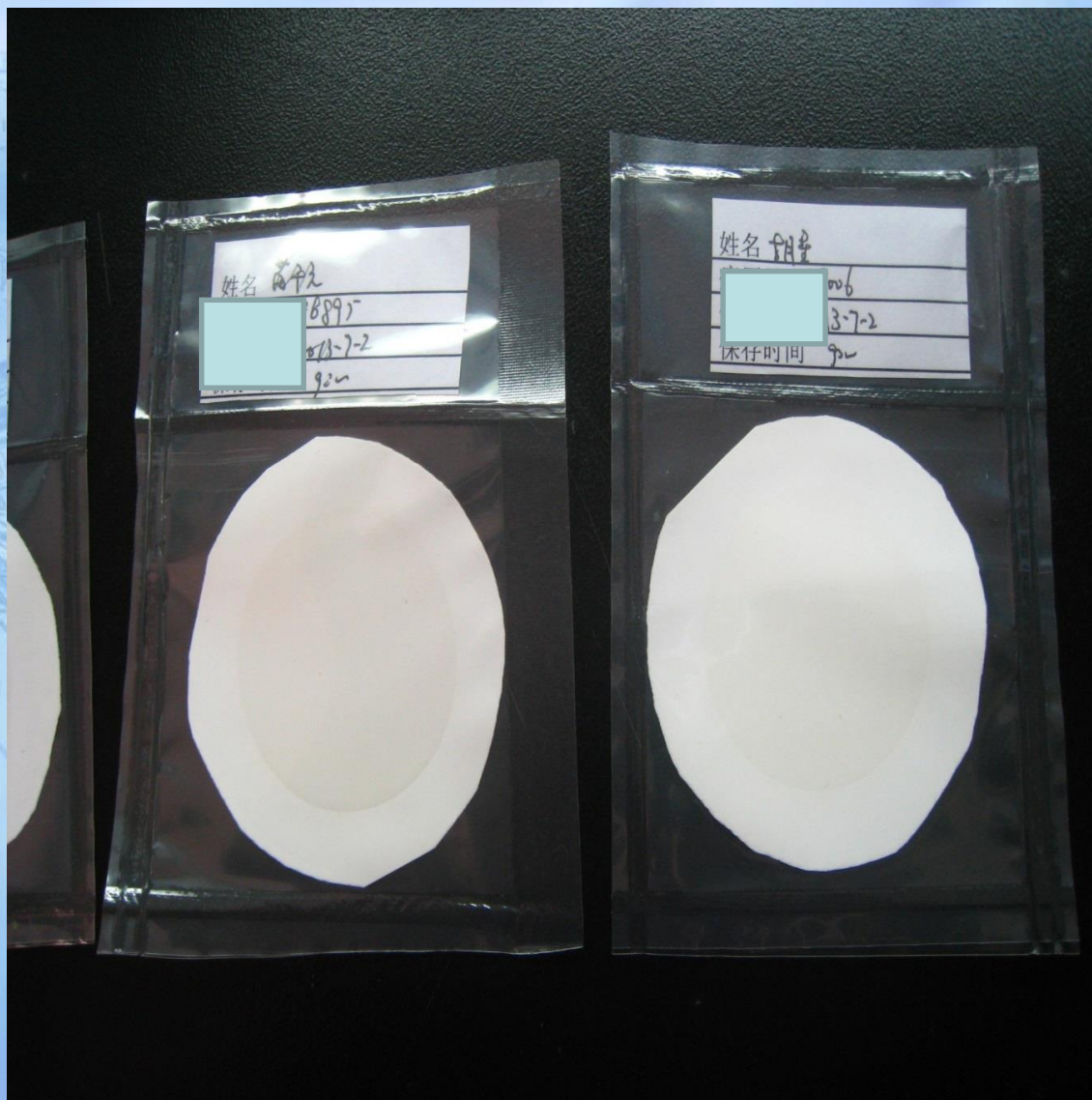


Urimem

Urinary proteins
dried on a filter and
stored in vacuum



Urinary Proteins on Membrane



Roadmap

- Minimizing confounding factors
- Using animal models (of disease) to study the effects in urine
- Validate in human samples

直接相关性

- 临床样品如何区分疾病和药物的作用
- 动物模型可能是唯一的办法

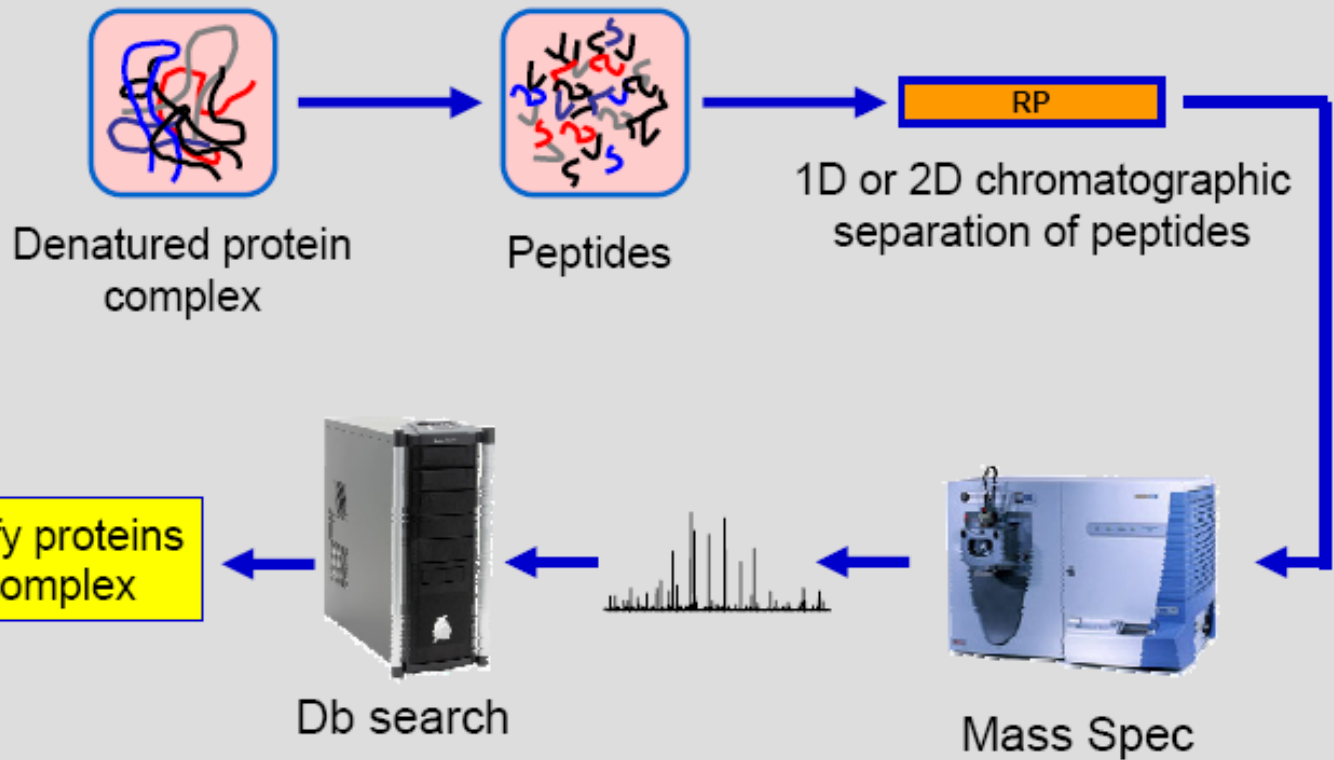
Affected by Diuretics

- 331, 302, 325 proteins with at least two peptides identified in furosemide, spiro lactone and hydrochlorothiazide group
- 7, 5 and 2 proteins significantly changed
- 10 of the 14 proteins have been reported as disease biomarkers
- The effects of diuretics should be given more attention in future urinary protein biomarkers studies.

信息的利用

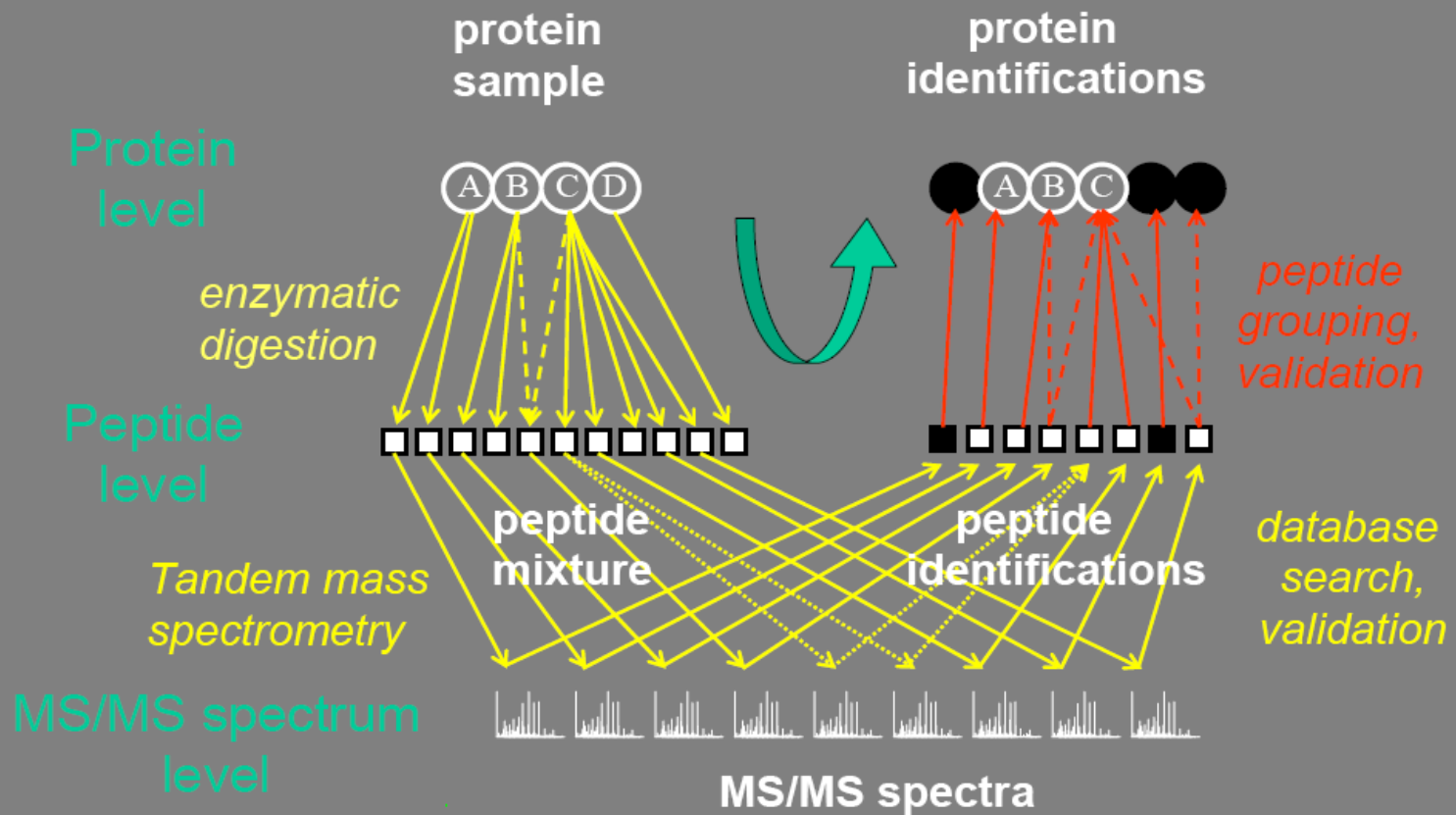
- 多肽保留时间的利用
- 样品在多肽水平的比较
- 蛋白质分子量信息的利用

多肽保留时间的利用



样品在多肽水平的比较

Shotgun Protein Identification



蛋白质分子量信息的利用

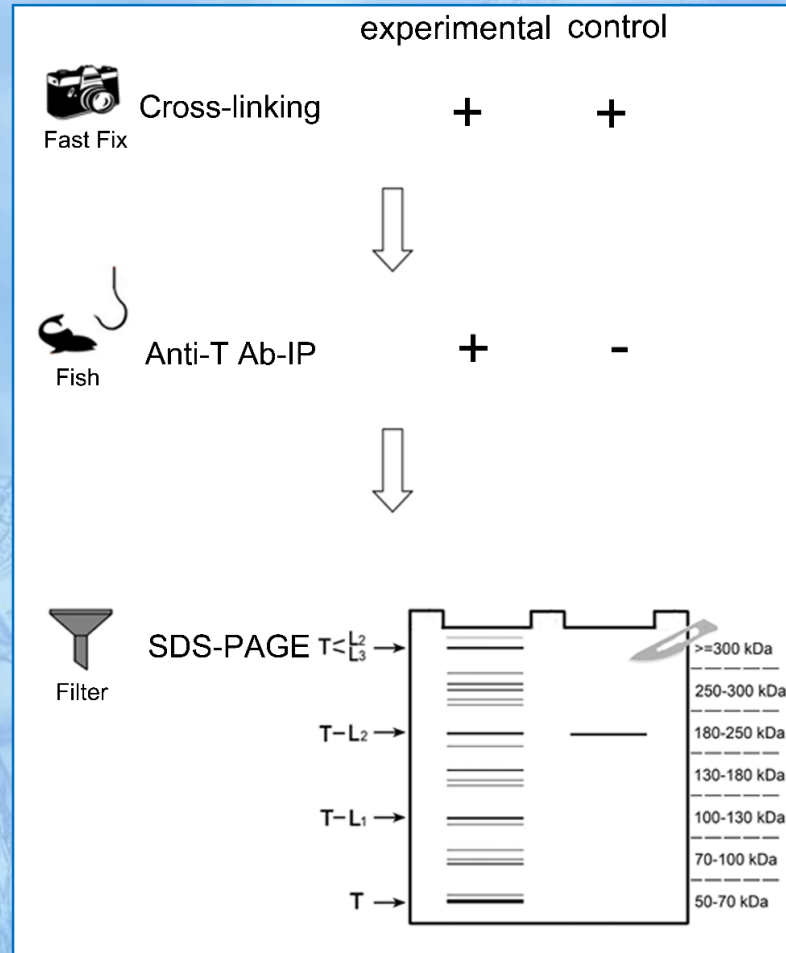
快速交联

对照去除
交联复合物与抗体
非特异结合

SDS下共价复合物

分子量筛选

全面切胶，灵敏





Thanks!

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